

மட்/ககு/

கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர(சாதாரண தர) நிலையறி கணிப்பீடு - 2026
General Certificate of Education (Ord. Level) Diagnosis Assessment - 2026

ஆங்கில மொழி II
ENGLISH LANGUAGE II

31 E II

இரண்டு மணித்தியாலம்
Two hours

சுட்டெண்

Index Number :

Q.No Marks

9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	

Total

எல்லா வினாக்களுக்கும் இவ்வினாத்தாளிலேயே விடை எழுதுக.
ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS ON THIS PAPER ITSELF

மேலதிக வாசிப்பு நேரம்- 10 நிமிடங்கள்
Additional Reading Time - 10 minutes

Test 9

Read the text and **underline** the most suitable word given within brackets.

Saving money is a good habit for young people to develop. It is the most (1) (a) reliance, (b) reliable, (c) reliably) way to achieve financial independence. If you start saving early, even a (2) (a) little, (b) many, (c) few) amount each month can grow over time. This can help you to (3) (a) manage, (b) management, (c) manager) your finances effectively and avoid debt. Financial experts often (4) (a) emphasis, (b) emphatic, (c) emphasize) that it's never too late to start. Having savings gives you a sense of security and (5) (a) protect, (b) protective, (c) protection) against unexpected events.

(1x5=5marks)

Test 10

Read the text given below and **underline** the correct form given within each bracket.

As Chamara walked into the office, he noticed his colleague Nadeeka sitting quietly, looking worried.

"Hi, Nadeeka, what's bothering you?" Chamara asked. Nadeeka sighed and replied,

"Well, yesterday my supervisor informed me that (1)(a) he is transferring me (b) he had transferred me (c) he would transfer me to the night shift."

"Oh dear, that's quite a change," Chamara said and asked, (2)(a) "Did you accept it?"

(b) whether he had accepted it. (c) if he accepts it.)

"He looked very serious," Nadeeka reported. My supervisor also mentioned that he (3)(a) was considering (b) considered (c) having to consider)

"That must have been difficult to hear," Chamara remarked. "Did he give you any reasons?"

Yeah, he explained that (4) (a) the department is restructuring (b) the department was restructuring (c) the department were to restructure) and they needed experienced staff on the night shift," Nadeeka continued. "But he also assured me that the salary would be better than (5) (a) what I am getting (b) what I had been getting (c) what I got)."

(1x5=5marks)

Test 11

Fill in the blanks with the words given in the box. There is one extra word.

human, thirty, and, between, player, the, more, evolved, sports, ball, game, basket, with, globally, by

Basketball is (1) than just a game; it is a (2) celebrated symphony of athleticism, strategy, and pure (3) will. From its humble beginnings in 1891, when Dr. James Naismith nailed a peach (4) to a gymnasium wall, the sport has (5) into a high-octane spectacle defined (6) lightning-fast transitions (7) breathtaking aerial artistry. The (8) thrives on the delicate tension (9) chaos and control; a point guard dissects a defence (10) a surgical pass, a big man establishes dominance in (11) post, and a sharpshooter pulls up from (12) feet, sending a crowd into a frenzy as the net swishes. It is a (13) of runs, where momentum swings like a pendulum, testing the mental fortitude of every (14) on the floor.

(½ x14=7marks)

Test 12

Fill in the blanks using the most appropriate form of the verb given within brackets.

Thai Pongal is a harvest festival celebrated by Tamil people in Sri Lanka and India. It (1) (take) place in mid-January, at the beginning of the Tamil month called Thai. The word 'Pongal' means 'to boil over'. People cook new rice with milk in a clay pot until it overflows. They do this to (2) (symbolise) abundance and prosperity. Families decorate their homes with kolam patterns (3) (make) of rice flour. They thank the Sun, rain, and farm animals for a good harvest. Cows and bulls (4) (be) bathed and decorated with flowers. Many people (5) (prepare) sweet rice called 'Sarkarai Pongal'.

(1x5=5marks)

Test 13

Read the following extracts taken from books and magazines. **Select** the most suitable caption for each extract and **write** the letter of the caption in the box given against the text. There is one extra caption.

Captions

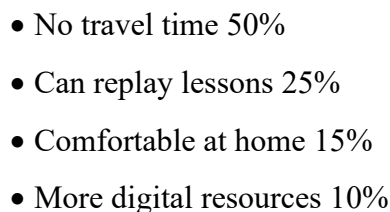
(A) Managing household waste	(B) When to seek medical help	(C) Talk with your doctor
(D) Raising responsible children	(E) Technology - a learning tool	(F) How to reduce pollution

1	Earlier, people simply threw their leftover food and broken items into the streets. This method was unsanitary. So, they began digging pits and burning waste to manage the piles of rubbish.	
2	To reduce screen time and promote reading habits among youngsters, consider removing television sets from bedrooms and placing them in shared living areas.	
3	Research from Scandinavian countries reveals that children who watch educational programmes with subtitles demonstrate improved reading comprehension skills.	
4	Replacing single-use plastics with reusable items, walking or taking public transport for short trips, conserving household energy by switching to LED bulbs	
5	Many patients remain silent during medical consultations and fail to describe their symptoms accurately. They often neglect to inquire about potential side effects of prescribed medications.	

(1x5=5marks)

(a) You are the head prefect of your school. **Write a letter** to your principal **requesting permission** to start an “Environmental Club”.

(b) The following pie chart illustrates the primary reasons of why the grade 11 students like online learning in kalkudah zone. Study the chart and write a description about it in 100 words.



- highest, lowest
- smaller portion
- more than, less than

This image shows a full page of white paper with horizontal dotted lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page, providing a guide for handwriting practice. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the page.

(10 marks)

Test 15

Read the following text and **answer** the questions given below.

Vaccination

① Vaccines are one of the greatest achievements in modern medicine. They train your immune system to fight dangerous diseases without making you sick. A vaccine contains a very small amount of a weakened or dead germ – either a virus or bacteria. When the vaccine is injected into your arm, your body recognises the germ as an invader and starts producing special proteins called antibodies.

② These antibodies remember the exact shape of that germ. This process usually takes a few weeks and causes no serious illness. Later, if the real, live germ enters your body – for example, through a cough your immune system immediately recognises it because of the memory stored by the vaccine. It quickly produces millions of antibodies and destroys the germ before it can make you sick. This protection is called immunity.

③ Vaccination also helps protect people who cannot be vaccinated, such as newborn babies or those with severe allergies. When most people in a community are vaccinated, the disease cannot spread easily from person to person. This is known as herd immunity. Thanks to vaccines, deadly diseases like smallpox have been completely wiped out, and others like polio, measles, and whooping cough are now very rare in many countries.

④ Vaccines are rigorously tested for safety before they are ever approved for public use. Scientists conduct multiple phases of clinical trials, involving thousands of volunteers, to carefully monitor for any side effects and to confirm the vaccine's effectiveness. Even after a vaccine is released, health authorities continue to track **its** safety and performance.

(1) True or False (tick ✓):

Statements	True	False
(a) Vaccines make you sick with the disease.		
(b) Antibodies are special proteins that remember germs.		
(c) Herd immunity protects only vaccinated people.		
(d) Measles is a vaccine-preventable disease.		

(½ x4=2marks)

(2) What does the word 'its' in last line refer to?

- (a) a vaccine (b) effectiveness (c) side effects (d) authorities (1 mark)

(3) Underline the word closest in meaning to 'antibodies' in 1st paragraph:

- (a) vitamins (b) damaged cells (c) proteins (d) old cells (1 mark)

(4) What is contained in a vaccine? (1 mark)

- (a) Live, strong germs (b) A weakened or dead part of a germ (c) Only water (d) Antibiotics

(5) What is herd immunity? (1 mark)

- (a) vaccinated person (b) can't spread from person to person (c) spread quickly (d) a disease

(6) The word 'immune' in line 1 means

- (a) weak (b) protected (c) sick (d) dangerous (1 mark)

(7) Name one disease not mentioned in the paragraph, that can be prevented by vaccines.

- (a) polio (b) Hepatitis (c) whooping cough (d) measles (1 mark)

Test 16

Write on one of the following topics. Use about 200 words.

(a) Write an article to a local newspaper giving your opinion on “Increase in road accidents in Sri Lanka”.

Include the following:

- What road accident is
- Why it is happening
- How to reduce
- Its adverse effects on the society

(b) Write an essay on “The Importance of outdoor sports”.

Include the following:

- The types of outdoor sports
- The advantages of outdoor sports
- how to make it popular among people

(c) Imagine that you have to deliver a speech in the English only day assembly. Your topic is “The need of good manners among school children”. Write a speech.

Include the following:

- What good manners are
- Benefits of good manners
- How to develop them among students

(d) Given below is a situation you faced unexpectedly. Complete the story with the starting line.

When I was standing alone at the beachside, I noticed a faint outline of a shadow behind me.....

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(15 marks)